

Values create Value. Entrepreneurs' Ethical Dilemmas and Solutions

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- 1. Definitions: Ethics, Values, Virtues
- 2. Twelve Global Values and Twelve Global Virtues
- 3. Values-driven Entrepreneurship Create Value
- 4. Dilemma 1: Wealth and Greed: where is the line?
- 5. Dilemma 2: Corruption: Honesty to which extent?
- 6. Dilemma 3: Common Good: Which community?
- 7. Dilemma 4: How to interprete the Holy scriptures?



1. Definitions: Ethics, Values, Virtues

<u>Moral/Morality</u> is the set of traditional and existing values and virtues (personal, in society)

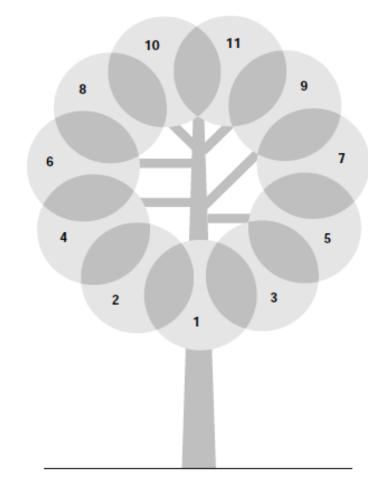
<u>Ethics</u> (Lun Li) provides criteria for what is good and bad, right and wrong. It provides principles, values, methodology. Ethics is also the critical reflection of morality (its confirmation, denial, modi-fication). Each decision is a decision between values.

<u>Values</u> are long term general benchmarks for ethical orientation of individuals and institutions/society (e.g. freedom, justice).

<u>Virtues</u> are benchmarks for personal behaviour (e.g. honesty)



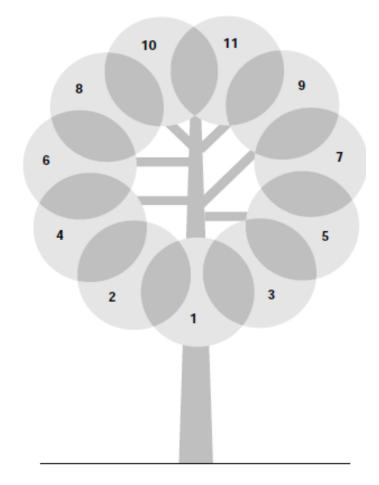
2.1 Twelve Global Values across Cultures



- 1. Dignity
- 2. Freedom
- 3. Justice
- 4. Equity
- 5. Peace
- 6. Security
- 7. Community
- 8. Inclusiveness
- 9. Participation
- 10. Forgiveness
- 11. Reconciliation



2.2 Twelve Global Virtues across Cultures



- 1. Honesty
- 2. Compassion
- 3. <u>Care</u>
- 4. Transparency
- 5. Accountability
- 6. <u>Reliability</u>
- 7. <u>Respect</u>
- 8. <u>Humility</u>
- 9. <u>Courage</u>
- 10. Gratitude
- 11. Generosity



3.1 Values-Driven Entrepreneurship

Christ-Centred

- 1. Values: Christian Faith and Values <u>Human-oriented</u>
- 2. Employees: Human Resources
- 3. Governance: Ethical Governance
- 4. Management: for Sustainability

Performance-oriented

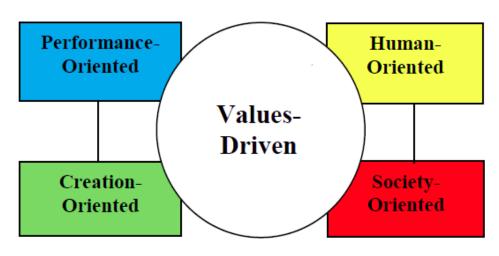
- 5. Product and Marketing:
- 6. Performance and Profit: Efficient and Fair
- 7. Innovation: Technical, social, organisational
- 8. Investments: Ethical Investments

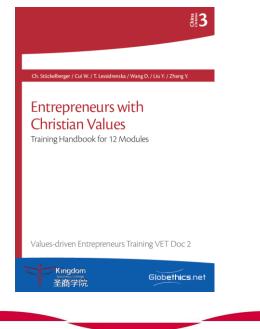
Creation-oriented

9. Environment: Performance and Resources

Society-oriented

- 10. Law: Legal Frame
- 11. Community: Social Value Creation
- 12. Competitiveness: Fair Competition, Fair Trade







3.2 Values Create Value

Values-driven entrepreneurship and business creates value. Gains are often long-term, not short-term:

- Reputation gain
- Financial gain
- Security gain
- Trust gain
- Productivity gain
- Sustainability gain
- Environmental gain

better reputation

less transaction costs arising from conflicts

less criminality

less leaks in company

higher productivity by better motivation of employees

long term stability of company less environmental destruction



4. Dilemma 1: Wealth and Greed

All world religions describe in their holy scriptures wealth as a blessing and greed as a vice to overcome. Reasons given against greed:

- Greed means self-centeredness
- Greed destroys community
- Greed disables relation to God/Dharma/Tao
- Greed makes unhappy/addictive for more
- Greed destroys environment

Dilemma: Where is the "Greed-Line"?

PovertyDecent Life ?Wealth ?Luxury ?(Report of the WCC Greed-Line Study Group, Geneva 2014)



5. Dilemma 2: Corruption -What means honesty / transparency?

Option 1: Justification

"We have no choice. Everybody has to play the game"

Option 2: Silence

"Do not talk about corruption, just do what is needed and do not inform me as superior. I do not want to know."

Option 3: Double level

"We strongly support President Xi's anticorruption efforts"

(silently: "but we have to continue to pay and receive bribes")

Option 4: Radical

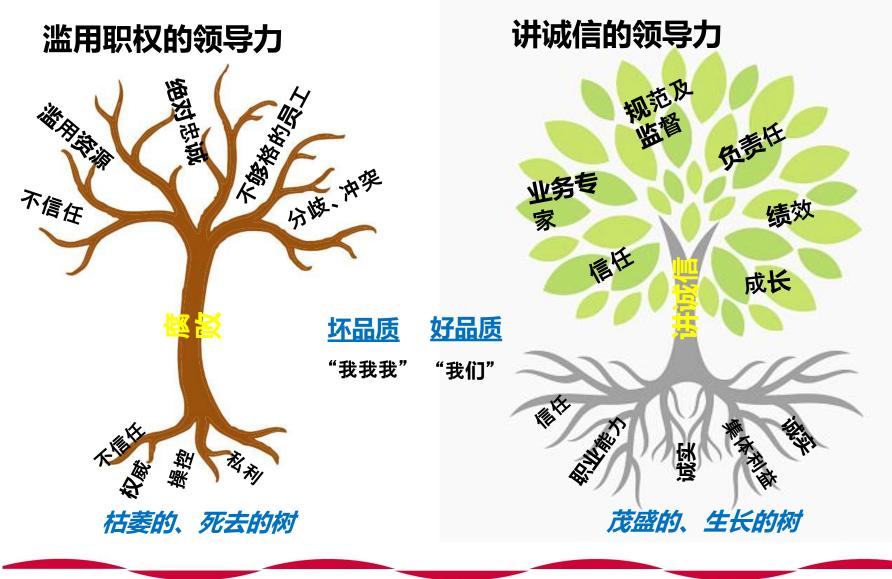
"No corruption accepted in our company. Strong sanctions if somebody violates this rule."

Option 5: Honesty

"We will never ask for or accept bribes. We try by all means to avoid paying bribes and to find creative solutions. But we honestly confess that we have not yet reached fully this goal."

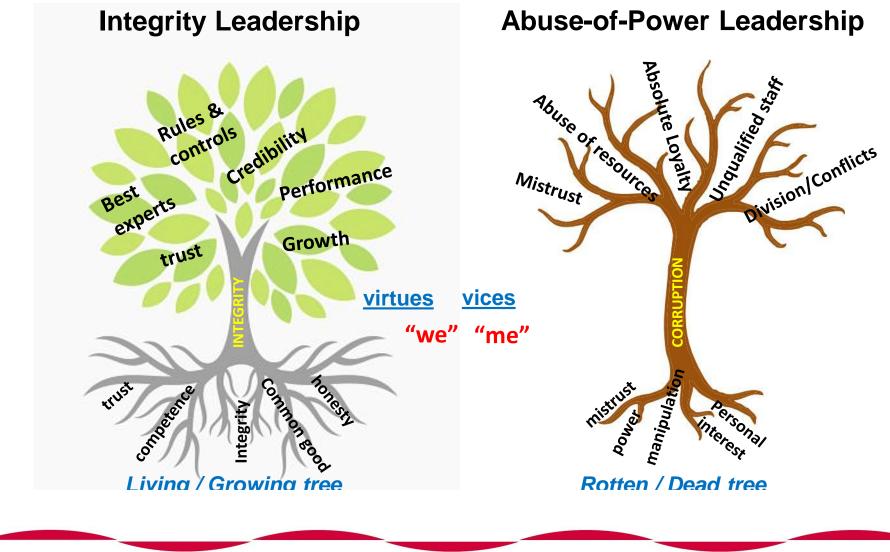


6. Dilemma 3: Integrity has its Price





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7. Dilemma 4: Community-Orientation

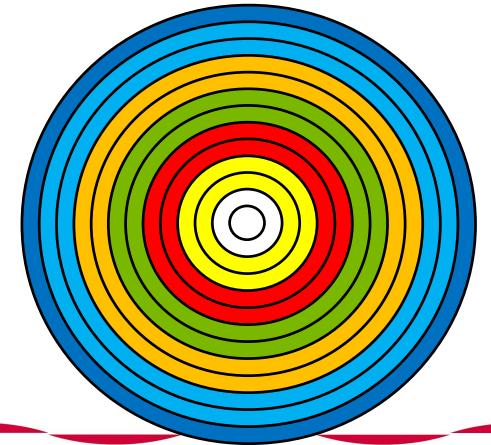
A global value across cultures and religions is serving the common good and the community.

1 Common Good	Global	Christianity
2 Ubuntu	Africa	Traditional
3 Kyosei	Japan	Shintoism
4 Da Tong 大同	China	Confucianism
5 Jew + Yi	China	Taoism
6 Lokasangraha	India	Hinduism
7 Cidadania	Latin America	Political



7. Which Community to Serve First?

Which community should I serve first in case of conflict of priority? Family (Child education)? Company (shareholder)? State (pay taxes)?



White: 1 Myself 2 Inner Family: partner, children Yellow **3 Broader Family: Clan** 4 Professional Community: team Red 5 Neighbourhood: village, quarter 6 Religious Community: parish/temple Green 7 Peers: sport, ethnic, interest groups 8 Professional Community: company Brown 9 Nation: state, peoples, 10 Regions: EU, Asean Blue 11 All Religions: world spirituality 12 Humankind: all human beings **Dark Blue** 13 Biosphere: all living beings

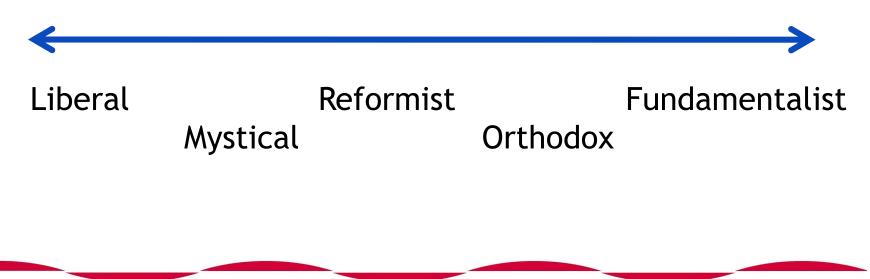
8.1 Dilemma 5: Interpretation of Values in Holy Scriptures. Five Models

Values are much influenced by the way, core texts secular or religious - are interpreted (Hermeneutics = methods of interpretation of Scriptures):

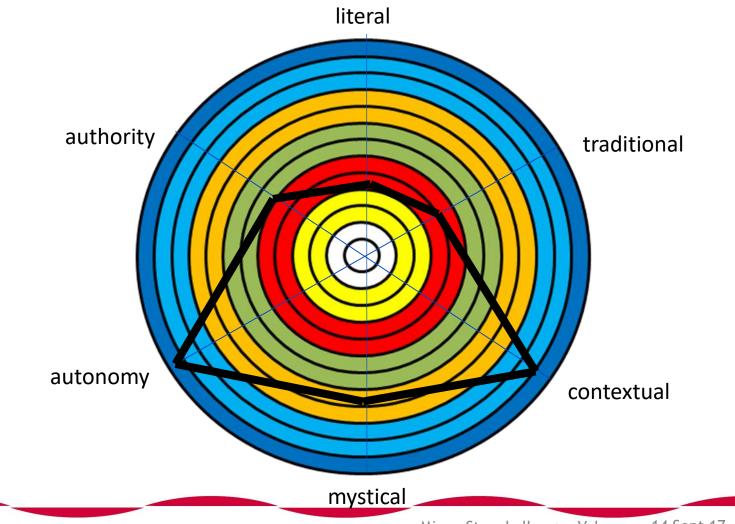
- 1. <u>Fundamentalist</u> positions: scripture: literal (selective) interpretation
- 2. <u>Orthodox</u> positions scripture+tradition, laws of religious authorities
- 3. <u>Reformist</u> positions scripture+contextualisation, inculturation
- 4. <u>Liberal</u> positions scripture+autonomy, individual conscience
- 5. <u>Mystical</u> positions: scripture+spiritual way towards unity with God

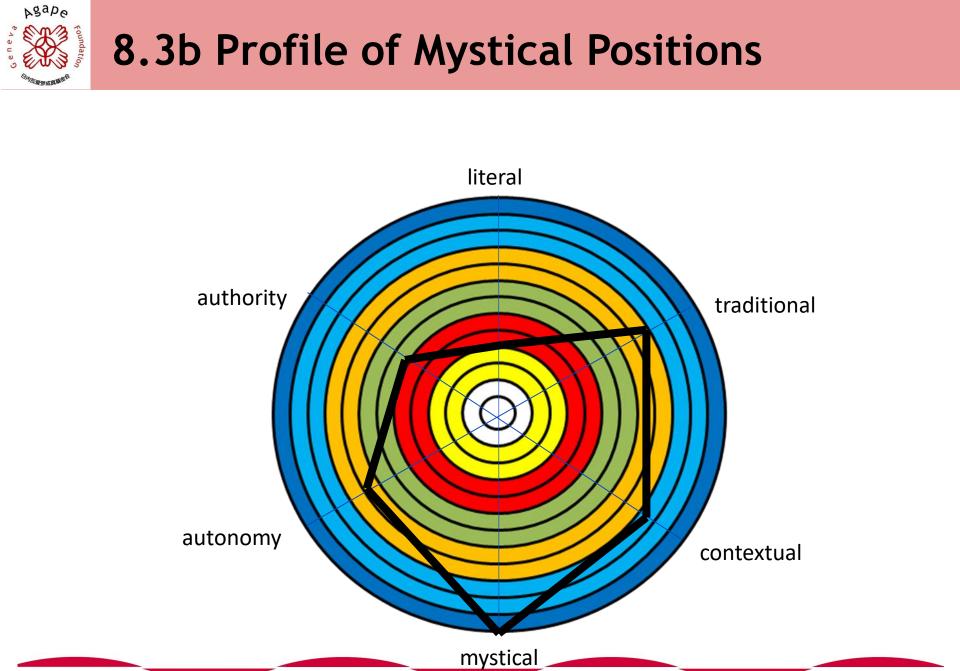


Individual ConscienceversusInstitutional PowerGod's Spirit for allversusPriesthood of a fewFreedomversusAuthority

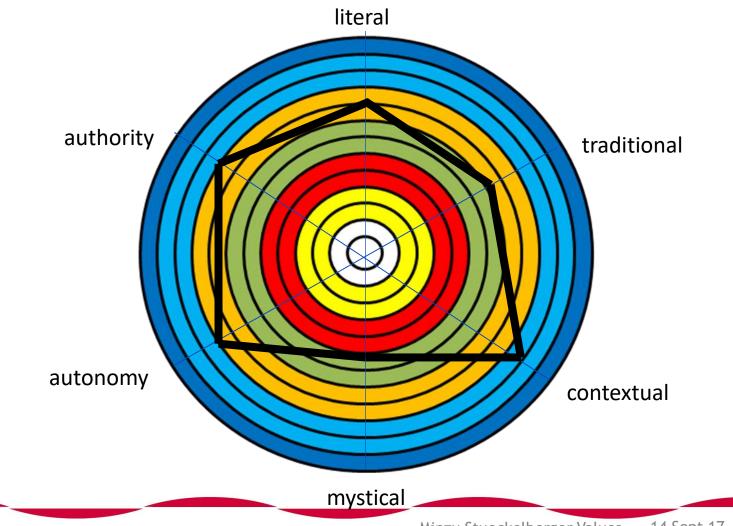




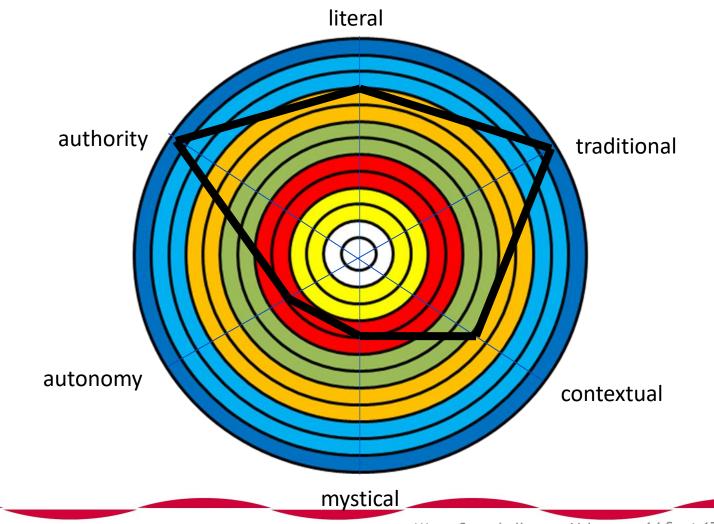






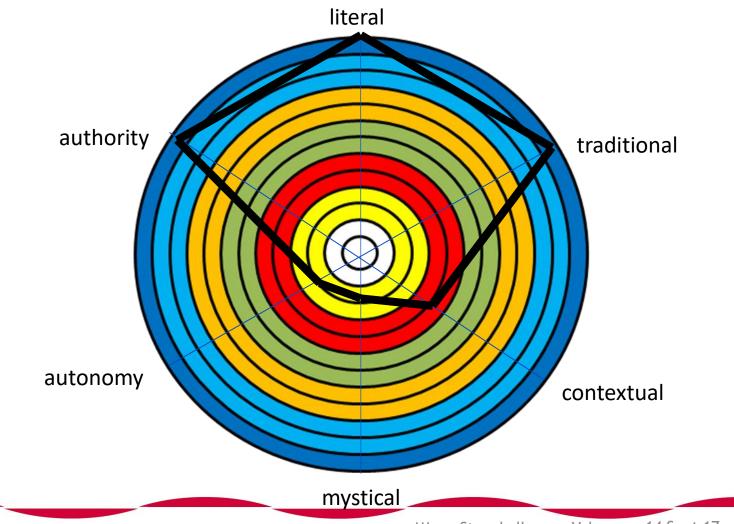








8.3.e Profile of Fundamentalist Positions





Shokran Gidan) merci thank you teşekkürler ngiyabonga baie dankie kealeboga diolch yn fawr धन्यवाद (Danyavad) 謝謝 (xiexie) asante sana gracias Спасибо (spacibo) danke grazie adube dalu oshe nagode dankjewel obrigado/a